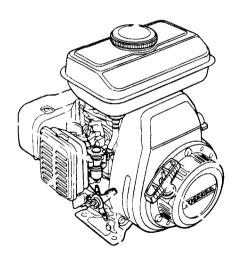
HONDA

G100



OWNER'S MANUAL

Thank you for purchasing a Honda engine.

This manual covers the operation and maintenance of your engine: G100

All information in this publication is based on the latest product information available at the time of printing.

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This manual should be considered a permanent part of the engine and should remain with it if it is resold.

Pay special attention to statements preceded by the following words:

AWARNING Indicates a strong possibility of severe personal injury or death if instructions are not followed.

CAUTION: Indicates a possibility of personal injury or equipment damage if instructions are not followed.

NOTICE Indicates that equipment or property damage can result if instructions are not followed.

NOTE: Gives helpful information.

If a problem should arise, or if you have any questions about your engine, consult an authorized Honda dealer.

AW ARNING

The Honda engine is designed to give safe and dependable service if operated according to instructions. Read and understand the Owner's Manual before operating the engine. Failure to do so could result in personal injury or equipment damage.

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

AW ARNING

To ensure safe operation



 Honda engine is designed to give safe and dependable service if operated according to instructions. Read and understand the Owner's Manual before operating the engine. Failure to do so could result in personal injury or equipment damage.

- Always make a pre-operation inspection (page 7) before you start the engine. You may prevent an accident or equipment damage.
- To prevent fire hazards and to provide adequate ventilation, keep the engine at least 1 meter (3 feet) away from buildings and other equipment during operation. Do not place flammable objects close to the engine.
- Children and pets must be kept away from the area of operation due to a possibility of burns from hot engine components or injury from any equipment the engine may be used to operate.
- Know how to stop the engine quickly, and understand the operation of all controls. Never permit anyone to operate the engine without proper instructions.
- Do not place flammable objects such as gasoline, matches, etc., close to the engine while it is running.
- Refuel in a well-ventilated area with the engine stopped.
 Gasoline is highly flammable and explosive under certain conditions.
- Do not overfill the fuel tank. There should be no fuel in the filler neck.

Make sure that the filler cap is closed securely.

Safety Instruction

AW ARNING

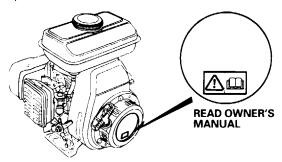
To ensure safe operation -

- If any fuel is spilled, clean it up completely and allow petroleum vapours to dissipate before starting the engine.
- Do not smoke or allow flames or sparks where the engine is refueled or where gasoline is stored.
- Exhaust gas contains poisonous carbon monoxide. Avoid inhalation of exhaust gases. Never run the engine in a closed garage or confined area.
- Place the engine on a stable surface. Do not tilt the engine more than 20° from horizontal. Operating at excessive angles may result in fuel spillage.
- Do not place anything on the engine, as it may create a fire hazard.
- A spark arrester is available as an optional part for this engine. It is illegal in some areas to operate an engine without a spark arrester. Check local laws and regulations before operating.
- The muffler becomes very hot during operation and remains hot for a while after stopping the engine. Be careful not to touch the muffler while it is hot. To avoid severe burns or fire hazards, let the engine cool before transporting it or storing it indoors.

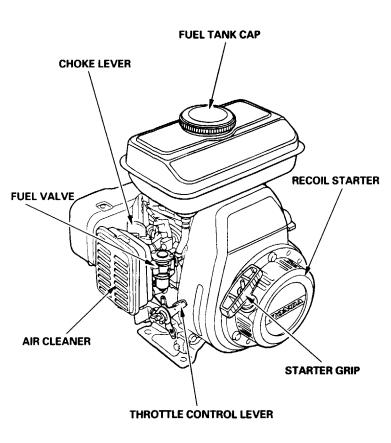
SAFETY LABEL LOCATION

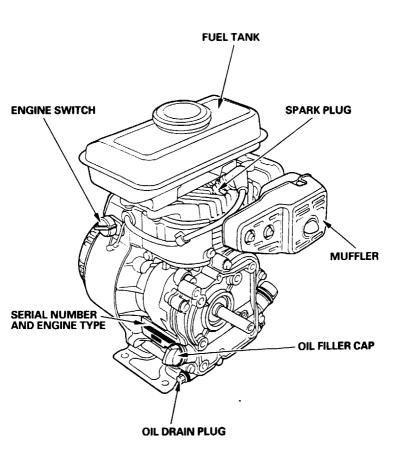
This label warns you of potential hazards that can cause serious injury. Read it carefully.

If the label comes off or becomes hard to read, contact your Honda dealer for replacement.



COMPONENT IDENTIFICATION





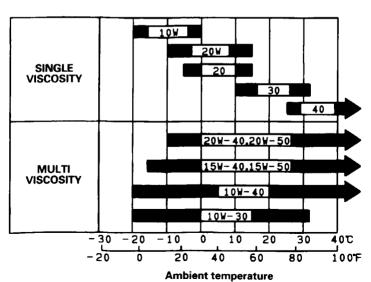
PRE-OPERATION CHECK

1. Engine oil level CAUTION:

- Running the engine with insufficient oil can cause serious engine damage.
- Be sure to check the engine on a level surface with the engine stopped.

Use Honda 4-stroke, or an equivalent high detergent, premium quality motor oil certified to meet or exceed U.S. automobile manufacturer's requirements for service classification SG, SF Motor oils classified SG, SF will show this designation on the container.

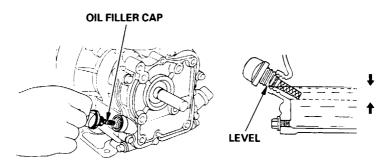
SAE 10W-30 is recommended for general, all temperature use. If single viscosity oil is used, select the appropriate viscosity for the average temperature in your area.



- 1. Remove the oil filler cap and wipe the dipstick clean.
- 2. Insert the dipstick into the oil filler neck, but do not screw it in.
- If the level is low, fill to the top of the oil filler neck with the recommended oil.

CAUTION:

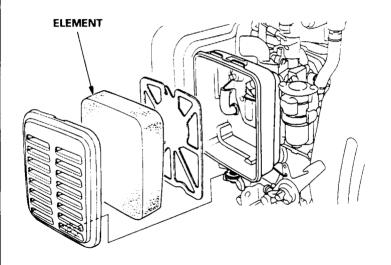
Using nondetergent oil or 2-stroke engine oil could shorten the engine's service life.



2. Air cleaner CAUTION:

Never run the engine without the air cleaner. Rapid engine wear will result.

Check cleaner for dirt or obstruction of element (page 21).



3. Fuel

Use automotive gasoline (Unleaded or lowleaded is preferred to minimize combustion chamber deposits).

FOR NEW SOUTH WALES ONLY:

Use unleaded fuel only.

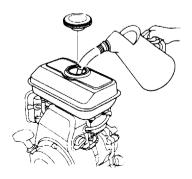
Never use an oil/gasoline mixture or dirty gasoline. Avoid getting dirt, dust or water in the fuel tank.

AW ARNING

- Gasoline is extremely flammable and is explosive under certain conditions.
- Refuel in a well-ventilated area with the engine stopped. Do not smoke or allow flames or sparks in the area where the engine is refueled or where gasoline is stored.
- Do not overfill the fuel tank (there should be no fuel in the filler neck). After refueling, make sure the tank cap is closed properly and securely.
- Be careful not to spill fuel when refueling. Spilled fuel or fuel vapor may ignite. If any fuel is spilled, make sure the area is dry before starting the engine.
- Avoid repeated or prolonged contact with skin or breathing of vapor.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

Fuel tank capacity: 1.4 & (0.37 US gal, 0.31 Imp gal)



GASOLINES CONTAINING ALCOHOL

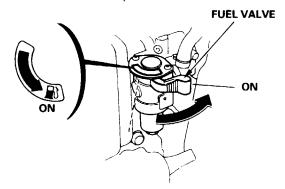
If you decide to use a gasoline containing alcohol (gasohol), be sure it's octane rating is at least as high as that recommended by Honda. There are two types of "gasohol": one containing ethanol, and the other containing methanol. Do not use gasohol that contains more than 10% ethanol. Do not use gasoline containing methanol (methyl or wood alcohol) that does not also contain cosolvents and corrosion inhibitors for methanol. Never use gasoline containing more than 5% methanol, even if it has cosolvents and corrosion inhibitors.

NOTE:

- Fuel system damage or engine performance problems resulting from the use of fuels that contain alcohol is not covered under the warranty. Honda cannot endorse the use of fuels containing methanol since evidence of their suitability is as yet incomplete.
- Before buying fuel from an unfamiliar station, try to find out if the fuel contains alcohol, if it does, confirm the type and percentage of alcohol used. If you notice any undesirable operating symptoms while using a gasoline that contains alcohol, or one that you think contains alcohol, switch to a gasoline that you know does not contain alcohol.

STARTING THE ENGINE

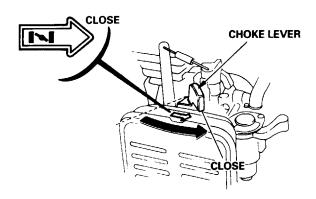
1. Turn the fuel valve to the ON position.



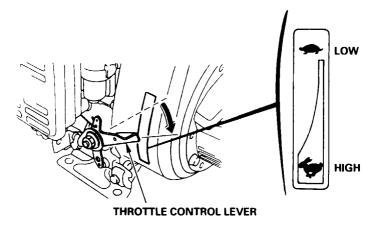
2. Move the choke lever to the CLOSE position.

NOTE:

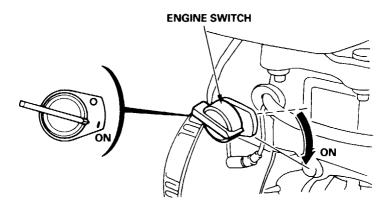
Do not use the choke if the engine is warm or the air temperature is high.



3. Move the throttle control lever down slightly.



4. Turn the engine switch to the ON position.



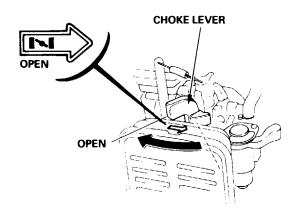
5. Pull the starter grip lightly until resistance is felt, then pull briskly.

CAUTION:

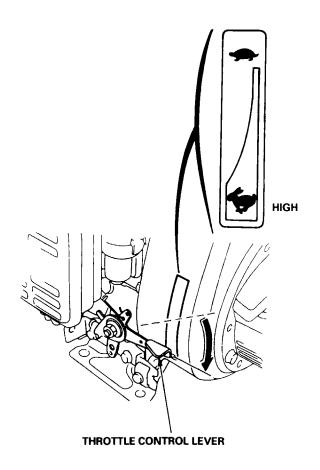
Do not allow the starter grip to snap back against the engine. Return it gently to prevent damage to the starter.



As the engine warms up, gradually move the choke lever to the OPEN position.



7. Position the throttle control lever for the desired engine speed.



High altitude operation

At high altitude, the standard carburetor air-fuel mixture will be excessively rich. Performance will decrease, and fuel consumption will increase.

High altitude performance can be improved by installing a smaller diameter main fuel jet in the carburetor and readjusting the pilot screw. If you always operate the engine at altitudes higher than 1,830m (6,000 feet) above sea level, have your authorized Honda dealer perform these carbuertor modifications.

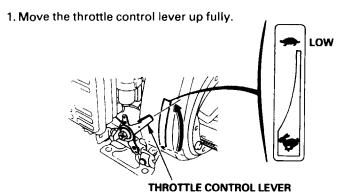
Even with suitable carburetor jetting, engine horsepower will decrease approximately 3.5% for each 305 m (1,000 feet) increase in altitude. The affect of altitude on horsepower will be greater than this if no carburetor modification is made.

CAUTION:

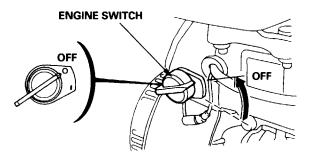
Operation of the engine at an altitude lower than the carburetor is jetted for may result in reduced performance, overheating, and serious engine damage caused by an excessively lean air/fuel mixture.

5 STOPPING THE ENGINE

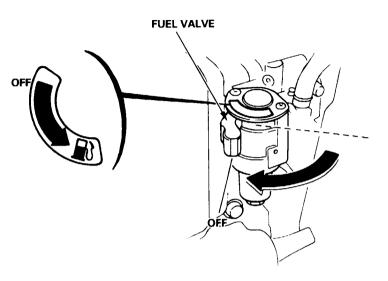
To stop the engine in an emergency, turn the engine switch to the OFF position. Under normal conditions, use the following procedure:



2. Turn the engine switch to the OFF position.



3. Turn the fuel valve to the OFF position.



7 MAINTENANCE

AW ARNING

- Shut off the engine before performing any maintenance.
- To prevent accidental start-up, turn OFF the engine switch key and disconnect the spark plug caps.
- The engine should be serviced by an authorized Honda dealer unless the owner has proper tools and service data and feels he is mechanically qualifired.

CAUTION:

Use only genuine HONDA parts or their equivalent. The use of replacement parts which are not of equivalent quality may damage the engine.

Periodic inspection and adjustment of the Honda engine is essential if high level performance is to be maintained. Regular maintenance will also ensure a long service life. The required service intervals and the kind of maintenance to be performed are described on the table below.

Maintenance Schedule

| REGULAR SERVICE PERIOD Performed at every indicated month or operating hour interval, whichever comes first. | | | First month or | Every 3 month or | Every 6 month or | Every year or |
|--|------------------------|----------|----------------------|------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|
| | | Each use | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| ITEM | | | 20 Hrs. | 50 Hrs. | 100 Hrs. | 300 Hrs. |
| Engine oil | Check level | 0 | | | | |
| | Change | <u>.</u> | 0 | | 0 | |
| Air cleaner | Check | 0 | | | | |
| | Clean | | | 0(1) | | |
| Sediment cup | Clean | | | | 0 | |
| Spark plug | Check-Clean | | | | 0 | |
| Spark arrester | Clean | | | | 0 | |
| (optional part) | | | | | | |
| Valve clearance | Check-Adjust | | | | | 0(2) |
| Combustion | Clan-Lap valves | | | | | 0(2) |
| chamber | | | | | | |
| Fuel tank and strainer | Clean | | | | | 0(2) |
| Fuel line | Check | | Every 2 years(2) | | | |
| | (Replace if necessary) | 1 | | | | |

NOTE: (1): Service more frequently when used in dusty areas.

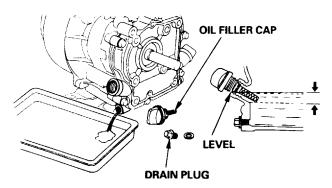
^{(2):}These items should be serviced by an authorized Honda dealer, unless the owner has the proper tools and is mechanically proficient. See the Honda Shop Manual.

1. Oil change

Drain the oil while the engine is still warm to assure rapid and complete draining.

- 1. Remove the oil filler cap and drain plug to drain the oil.
- 2. Install the drain plug, and tighten it securely.
- Refill with the recommended oil (see page 7) and check the oil level.
- 4. Install the oil filler cap.

ENGINE OIL CAPACITY: 0.45 ℓ (0.48 US qt , 0.40 Imp qt)



CAUTION:

Used motor oil may cause skin cancer if repeatedly left in contact with the skin for prolonged periods. Although this is unlikely unless you handle used oil on a daily basis, it is still advisable to thoroughly wash your hands with soap and water as soon as possible after handling used oil.

NOTE:

Please dispose of used motor oil in a manner that is compatible with the environment. We suggest you take it in a sealed container to your local service station for reclamation. Do not throw it in the trash or pour it on the ground.

2. Air cleaner service

A dirty air cleaner will restrict air flow to the carburetor. To prevent carburetor malfunction, service the air cleaner regularly. Service more frequently when operating the engine in extremely dusty areas.

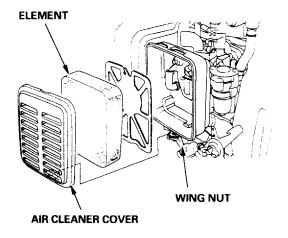
AWARNING

Never use gasoline or low flash point solvents for cleaning the air cleaner element. A fire or explosion could result.

CAUTION:

Never run the engine without the air cleaner. Rapid engine wear will result.

- Unscrew the wing nut, remove the air cleaner cover and remove the element.
- Wash the element in a nonflammable or high flash point solvent and dry it thoroughly.
- Soak the element in clean engine oil and squeeze out the excess oil.
- 4. Reinstall the air cleaner element and the cover.

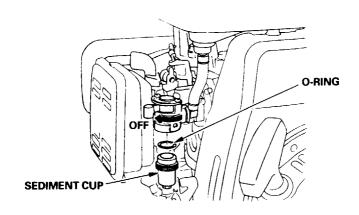


3. Sediment cup cleaning

AW ARNING

- Gasoline is extremely flammable and is explosive under certain conditions. Do not smoke or allow flames or sparks in the area.
- After installing the sediment cup, check for leaks, and make sure the area is dry before starting the engine.

Turn the fuel valve to OFF. Remove the sediment cup and O-ring, and wash them in nonflammable or high flash point solvent. Dry them thoroughly and reinstall securely. Turn the fuel valve ON and check for leaks.



4. Spark plug service

Recommended spark plug: BM4A, BMR4A (NGK)

W14M-U, W14MR-U (NIPPONDENSO)

CAUTION:

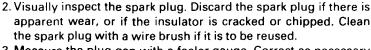
Never use a spark plug of incorrect heat range.

To ensure proper engine operation, the spark plug must be properly gapped and free of deposits.

1. Remove the spark plug cap and use a spark plug wrench to remove the plug.

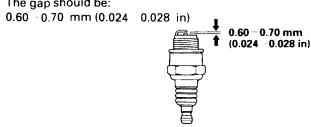
AW ARNING

If the engine has been runnig, the muffler will be very hot. Be careful not to touch the muffler.

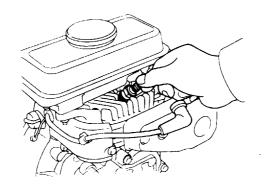


3. Measure the plug gap with a feeler gauge. Correct as necessary by bending the side electrode.

The gap should be:



- 4. Check that the spark plug washer is in good condition and thread the spark plug in by hand to prevent cross-threading.
- 5. After the spark plug is seated, tighten with a spark plug wrench to compress the washer.



NOTE:

When installing a new spark plug, tighten 1/2 turn after the spark plug seats to compress the washer. When reinstalling a used spark plug, tighten 1/8 1/4 turn after the spark plug seats to compress the washer.

CAUTION:

The spark plug must be securely tightened. An improperly tightened spark plug can become very hot and may damage the engine.

5. Spark arrester maintenance (optional part)

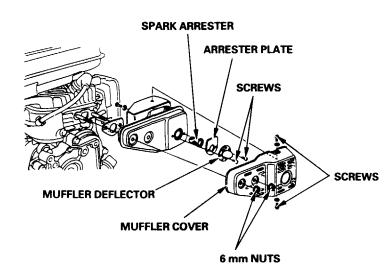
AW ARNING

If the engine has been running, the muffler will be very hot. Allow it to cool before proceeding.

CAUTION:

The spark arrester must be serviced every 100 hours to maintain its efficiency.

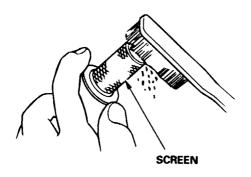
- Remove the two 6 mm nuts and the two screws and remove the muffler cover.
- Remove the two tapping screws from the muffler deflector, and remove the muffler deflector, arrester plate and spark arrester.



Use a brush to remove carbon deposits from the spark arrester screen.

CAUTION:

Be careful not to damage the spark arrester screen.



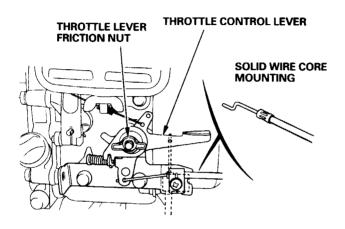
NOTE:

The spark arrester must be free of breaks and holes. Replace, if necessary.

 Install the spark arrester and the muffler in the reverse order of disassembly.

THROTTLE CONTROL CABLE (optional part)

The throttle control lever is provided with holes for optional cable attachment. The following illustrations show installation examples for a solid wire cable. It is necessary to loosen the throttle control lever friction nut when operating the throttle with a remote cable.



TRANSPORTING/STORAGE

AW ARNING

When transporting the engine, turn the fuel valve OFF and keep the engine level to prevent fuel spillage. Fuel vapor or spilled fuel may ignite.

Before storing the unit for an extended period;

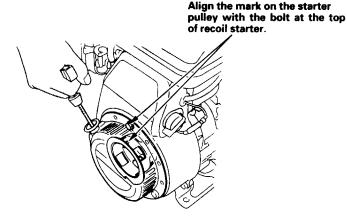
- 1. Be sure the storage area is free of excessive humidity and dust.
- 2. Drain the fuel...

AW ARNING

Gasoline is extremely flammable and is explosive under certain conditions. Do not smoke or allow flames or sparks in the area.

- a. With the fuel valve in the OFF position, remove and empty the sediment cup.
- b. Turn the fuel valve to the ON position and drain the gasoline from the fuel tank into a suitable container.
- c. Replace the sediment cup and tighten securely.
- d. Drain the carburetor by loosening the drain screw. Drain the gasoline into a suitable container.

- 3. Change the engine oil (page 20).
- 4. Remove the spark plug and pour about a tablespoon of clean engine oil into the cylinder.
 - Crank the engine several revolutions to distribute the oil, then reinstall the spark plug.
- 5. Pull the starter rope slowly until resistance is felt. Continue pulling until the notch on the starter pulley aligns with the bolt on the recoil stater (see illustration below). At this point, the intake and exhaust valves are closed, and this will help to protect the engine from internal corrosion.



6. Cover the engine to keep out dust.

TROUBLESHOOTING

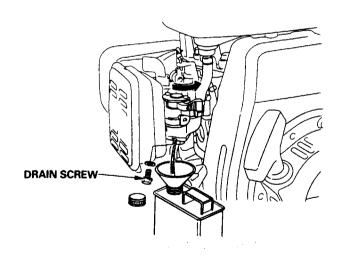
Engine will not start using recoil starter:

- 1. Is the engine switch in the ON position?
- 2. Is the fuel valve ON?
- 3. Is there fuel in the fuel tank?
- 4. Is gasoline reaching the carburetor?

To check, loosen the drain screw with the fuel valve ON.

AW ARNING

If any fuel is spilled, make sure the area is dry before testing the spark plug or starting the engine. Spilled fuel or fuel vapor may ignite.



- 5. Is there a spark at the spark plug?
 - a. Remove the spark plug cap. Clean any dirt from around the spark plug base, then remove the spark plug.
 - b. Install the spark plug in the plug cap.
 - c. Trun the engine switch ON.
 - d. Grounding the side electrode to any engine ground, pull the recoil starter to see if sparks jump across the gap.
 - e. If there is no spark, replace the plug.
 - If OK, reinstall the spark plug and try to start the engine again according to the isntructions.
- 6. If the engine still does not start, take the engine to an authorized Honda dealer.

SPECIFICATIONS

| Dimensions | G100 |
|------------|-------------------|
| Length | 275 mm (10.8 in) |
| Width | 270 mm (10.6 in) |
| Height | 345 mm (13.6 in) |
| Dry weight | 8.5 kg (18.7 lbs) |

Engine

| Eligitic | | | |
|--------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|
| Engine type | 4-stroke, side valve, 1 cylinder | | |
| Displacement | 83 cm³ (5.1 cu-in) | | |
| Bore x Stroke | 48 x 46 mm (1.9 x 1.8 in) | | |
| Max. output | 1.6 kW/4,200 rpm | | |
| Max. torque | 0.37 kg-m (2.7 ft-lb)/3,000 rpm | | |
| Fuel consumption | 320 g (11.3 oz) | | |
| Cooling system | Forced air | | |
| Ignition system | Transistor magneto | | |
| PTO shaft rotation | Counterclockwise | | |

NOTE:

Specifications may vary according to the types, and are subject to change without notice.